SOCIAL ISOLATION

WARNING: This bulletin board contains information about suicide.





WHAT IS SOCIAL ISOLATION?

Social isolation is a state in which an individual...

- lacks a sense of social belonging
- lacks engagement with others
- has a small number of strong social contacts
- lacks fulfilling and quality relationships



RISK FACTORS

Less in-person connections

Conflict with family or friends

Losing a loved one

Living alone



Chronic mental or physical health conditions

Moving or changing homes

Language barriers

Mobility challenges

WHAT DOES SOCIAL ISOLATION FEEL LIKE?

Aches and pains, headaches, illness, or worsening of medical conditions

Increased use of alcohol, tobacco, medications, or other drugs

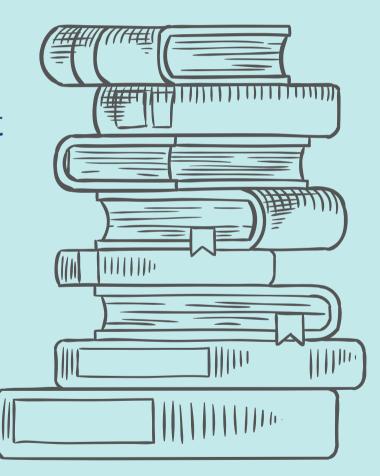
Increased
symptoms of
depression,
anxiety, paranoia,
or panic attacks

Loss of appetite, sudden weight gain or loss Difficulty
sleeping, waking
up during the
night, or
sleeping too
much

Feelings of worthlessness, hopelessness, or thoughts of suicide

ACADEMIC EFFECTS OF SOCIAL ISOLATION

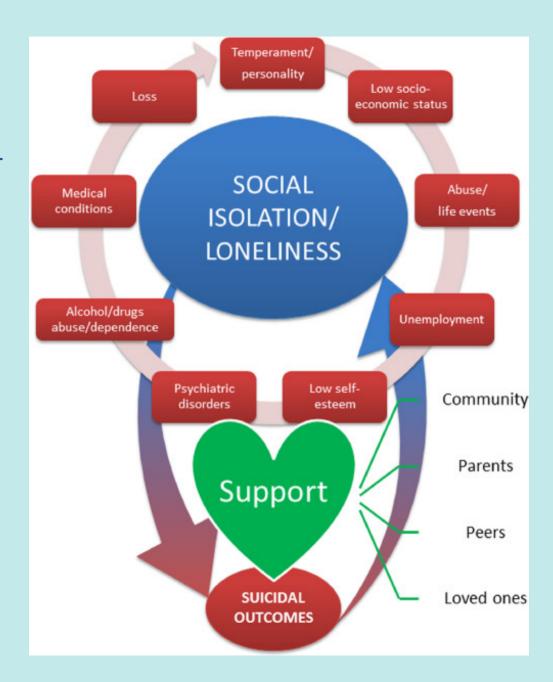
- Less engaged in class
- Perform worse on exams and work
- Low attendance
- Feel less motivated
- Feel less satisfied with school



SOCIAL ISOLATION AND SUICIDE

There are many risk factors for social isolation and loneliness.

However, there are a
variety of protective
factors, such as social
support, that may reduce
the risk of suicide.



SOCIAL ISOLATION AND COVID-19

Social isolation is currently exacerbated because of less inperson connections due to COVID-19 health guidelines.

We may feel that we are in a state of constant alert due to COVID-19.

Increased, chronic alert states may result in high blood pressure, stress, and inflammation.

A surge in mental health concerns, substance abuse, poor sleep, elevated suicidal ideation, and emotional eating have been observed in recent months.

Recent studies have found that loneliness increased by 20-30% and emotional distress tripled within the first month of the pandemic.

WAYS TO INCREASE SOCIAL SUPPORT NETWORKS

Join virtual fitness
classes and
challenges, such as
Mindbodyspirit at the
Rec Center

Check-in with others by sending a text

Spend time with the SWA dogs either inperson or virtually via the OHP

Facebook/Instagram

Connect with a campus peer leader, such as a SWA, GSCA, RA, etc.

Contact the CCCE to learn more about virtual community engagement opportunities Attend a virtual
OIIL talk or
other events
and programs

Plan a virtual hangout with friends or floormates Explore a club or organization that you are passionate about

REMINDERS WHEN DISCUSSING SOCIAL SUPPORT

- 1. Check-in with others frequently
- 2. Practice active listening
- 3. Ask what you can do to help
- 4. Don't judge
- 5. Be open and honest when talking about the emotions you're feeling and what might help you feel more connected
- 6. Try multiple ways of connecting if one way isn't successful
- 7. Use mental health resources or encourage others to use these resources to find support

RESOURCES

NON-CRISIS

Dean of Students Office: dosoffice@carleton.edu

Office of the Chaplain: cfureslo@carleton.edu

Student Health and Counseling: shac@carleton.edu

Residential Life: reslife@carleton.edu

Disability Services: disability@carleton.edu

Gender and Sexuality Center: gsc@carleton.edu

Office of Health Promotion: healthpromotion@carleton.edu

Office of Intercultural and International Life: oiil@carleton.edu

TRIO Student Support Services: trio@carleton.edu

<u>CRISIS</u>

Carleton & Northfield

911

Carleton Security Services: 507-222-4444

Carleton 24/7/365 Counseling Line: 855-705-2479

Northfield Hospital: 507-646-1000

Other

National Suicide Prevention Line: 1-800-273-8255

Crisis Text Line: Text "HOME" to 741741

The Trevor Project: 1-866-488-7386

Trans Peer Support Hotline: 1-877-565-8860

The Steve Fund: Text "STEVE" to 741741

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Talmus, L., & Smith, A. (2016). The Health Consequences of Social Isolation "It Hurts More Than You Think."

fold over or cut off

Title slide or create your own title (Resource 1)

Resource 5 Resource 2 Resource 8 Resource 3 Resource 9 Resource 6 Resource 10 Resource 11 Resource 4 Resource 7

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NON-CRISIS

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Gender and Sexuality Center: gse@carleton.edu Office of Health Promotion: healthpromotion@carleton.edu
Office of Intercultural and International Life: oill@carleton.edu

TRIO Student Support Services: trio@carleton.edu CRISIS

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